

Distinct binding of cetirizine enantiomers to human serum albumin and the human histamine receptor H₁

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Supplementary Information

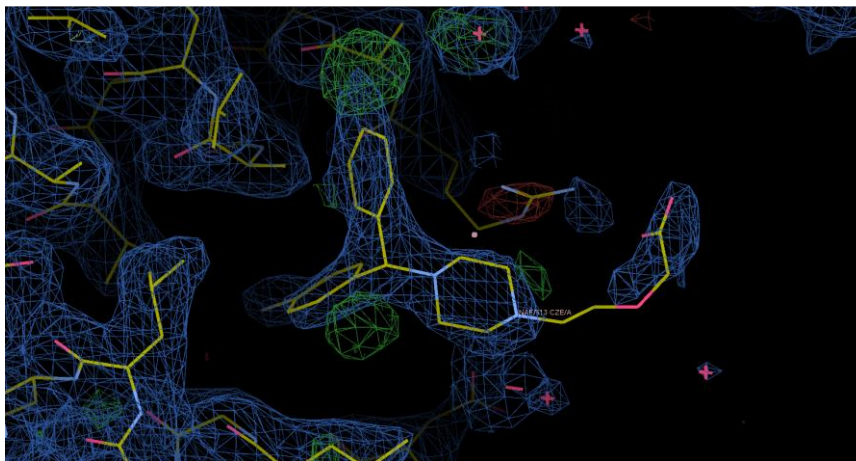
Table 1. Data collection and refinement statistics for the ESA:CTZ complex.

Resolution range	47.12 - 2.151 (2.228 - 2.151)
Space group	P 61
Unit cell	94.234 94.234 141.893 90 90 120
Unique reflections	38630 (3823)
Completeness (%)	99.81 (99.43)
Wilson B-factor	44.72
Reflections used in refinement	38630 (3823)
Reflections used for R-free	1879 (161)
R-work	0.1903 (0.2500)
R-free	0.2470 (0.2970)
Number of non-hydrogen atoms	4779
macromolecules	4490
ligands	182
solvent	107
Protein residues	580
RMS (bonds)	0.007
RMS (angles)	1.15
Ramachandran favored (%)	97.40
Ramachandran allowed (%)	2.60
Ramachandran outliers (%)	0.00
Rotamer outliers (%)	3.35
Clashscore	6.03
Average B-factor	57.52
macromolecules	56.73
ligands	80.27
solvent	52.11

Statistics for the highest-resolution shell are shown in parentheses.

Fig. S2 Detail of the cetirizine-binding sites in the ESA: cetirizine crystallographic complex, as deposited in the PDB with code 5DQF. The $2F_o - F_c$ (blue) and $F_o - F_c$ (green) maps are contoured at 1σ and $+3\sigma$, respectively, using Coot [2]. Note the unmodeled green blobs next to both ligands.

a CZE (*S*)-cetirizine



b LCR (*R*)-cetirizine

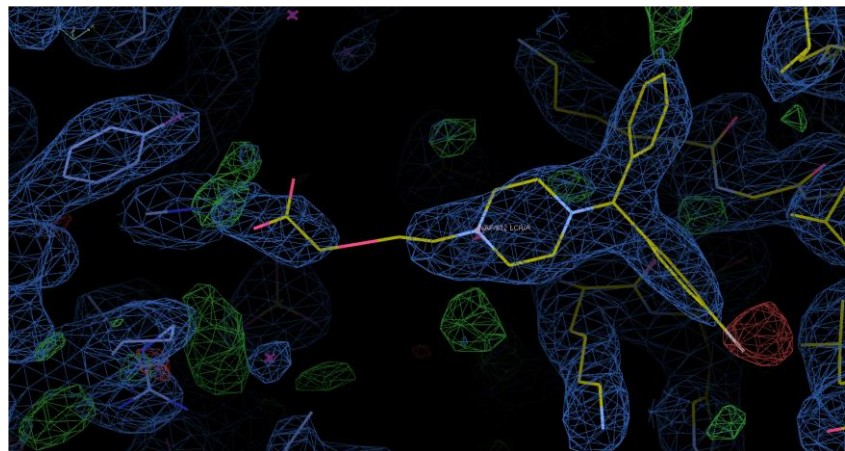


Fig. S3 Detail of the cetirizine-binding site in the ESA:cetirizine crystallographic complex after re-refinement using as initial data the coordinates and structure factors deposited in the PDB with code 5DQF but defining dual occupancies for the two drug enantiomers in both sites. The $2F_o-F_c$ (blue) and F_o-F_c (green) maps are contoured at 1σ and $+3\sigma$, respectively, using Coot [2]. Note the absence of electron density for the ethoxyacetate moieties of the bound drugs.

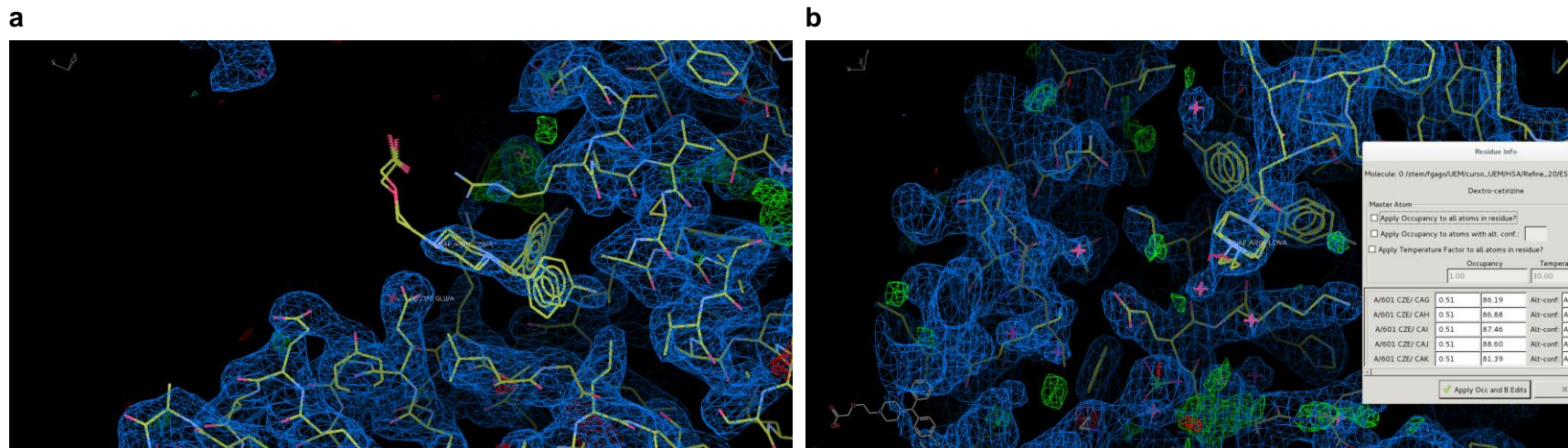


Fig. S4 *h*H₁R model (encompassing amino acids Met28—Cys221 and Leu405—Ile485) used in the simulation. The C α trace is displayed as a ribbon that has been rainbow-colored to highlight the N-terminus (blue) and C-terminus (red), including α -helix VIII. The bilayer representing the membrane is made up of 240 palmitoyloleoylphosphatidylethanolamine (POPE, C atoms in pink) and 8 cholesterol (C atoms in green) molecules. Sodium and chloride ions in the top and bottom water (aquamarine color) layers are shown as spheres colored in violet and green, respectively.

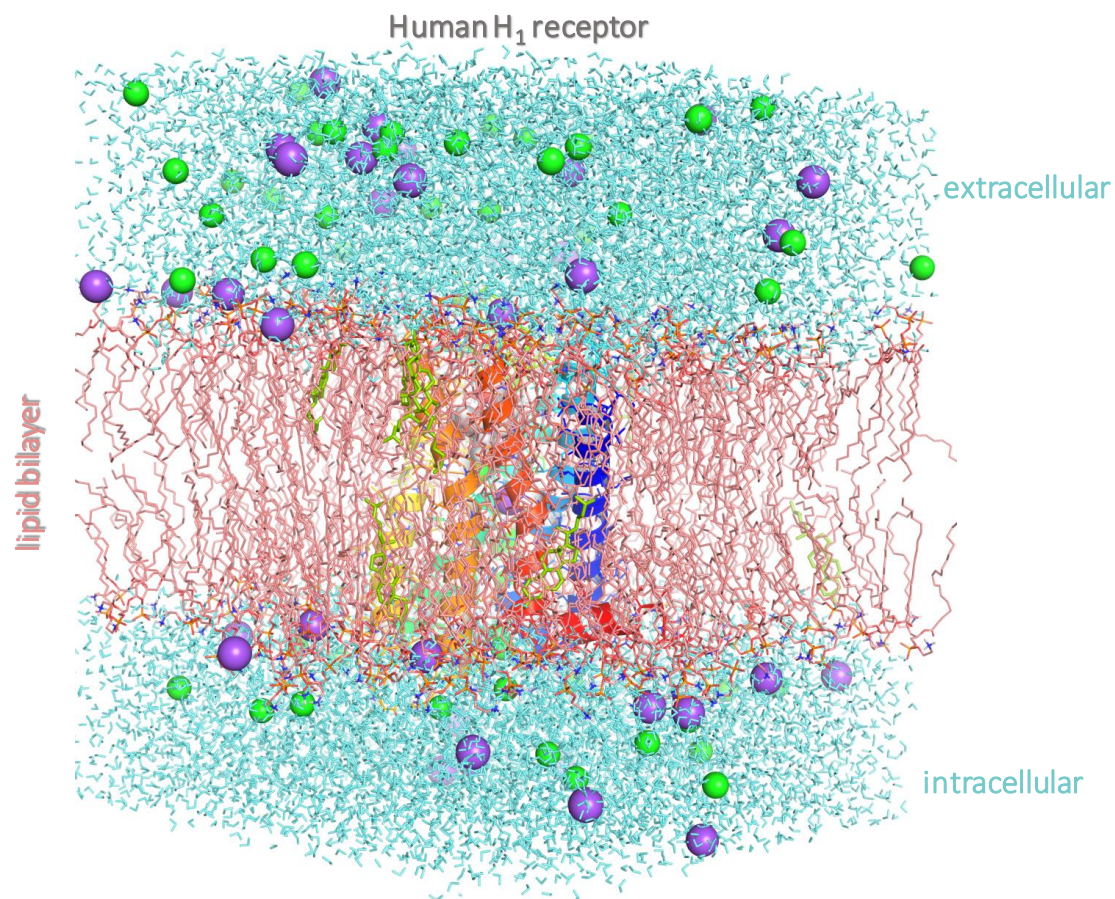


Fig. S5 Schematic of the simulated annealing and energy minimization procedure.

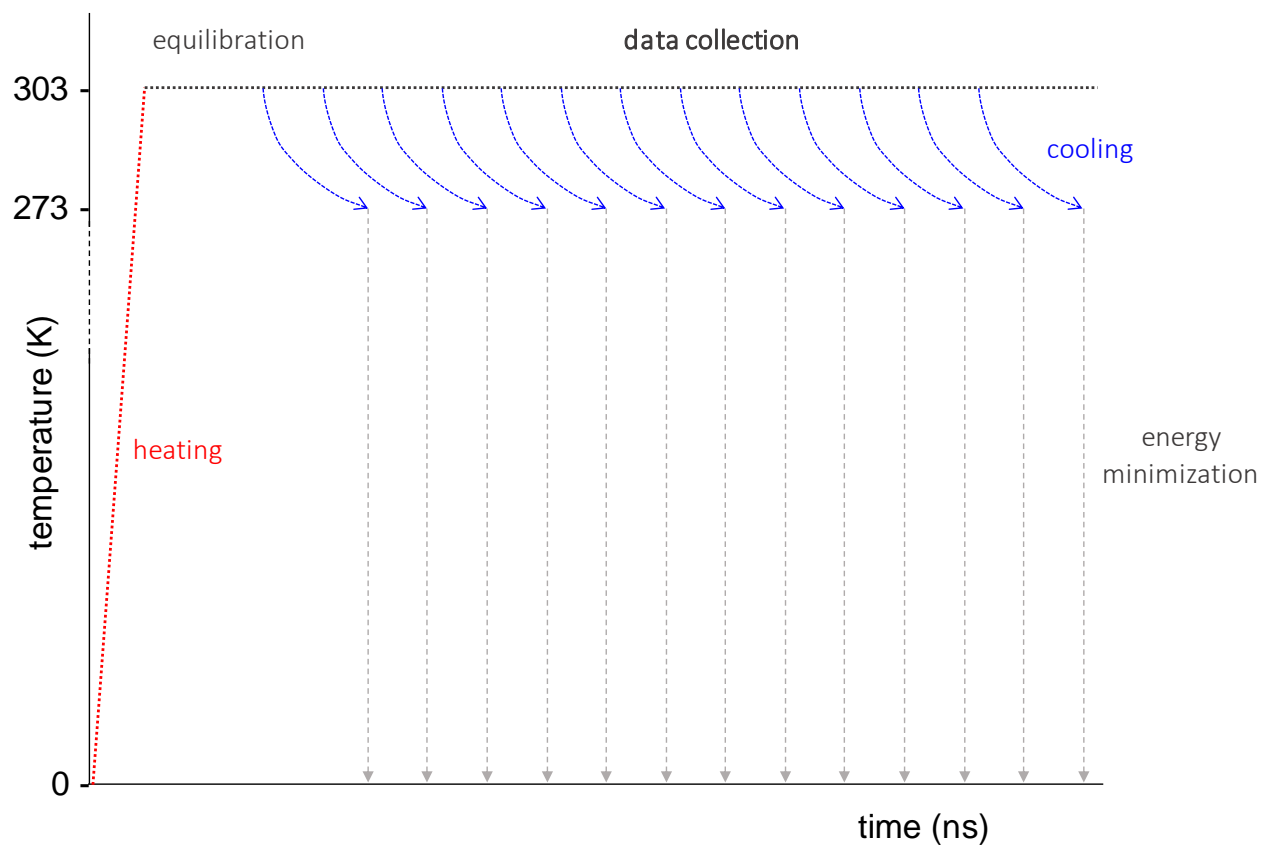
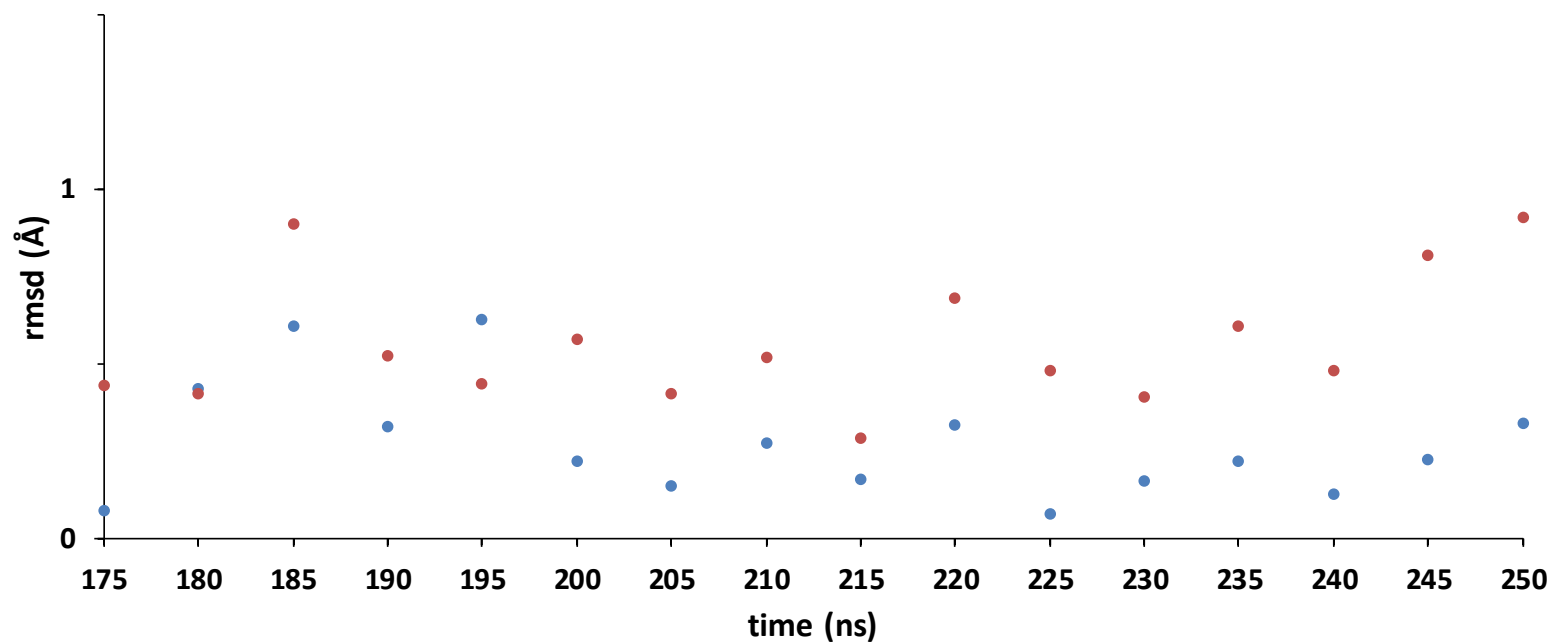


Fig. S6 Time evolution over the course of the uMD trajectories of the root-mean-square deviation (rmsd, Å) of the internally bound Na⁺ ion in the *h*H₁R:(*R*)-cetirizine (blue) and *h*H₁R:(*S*)-cetirizine (red) complexes.



References

1. Holm L (2020) Using Dali for protein structure comparison. *Methods Mol Biol* 2112:29-42. doi:10.1007/978-1-0716-0270-6_3
2. Emsley P, Lohkamp B, Scott WG, Cowtan K (2010) Features and development of Coot. *Acta Crystallogr D Biol Crystallogr* 66 (Pt 4):486-501. doi:10.1107/S0907444910007493